

to

Liturgy for the Seasons of Lent and Easter

Tikanga Pakeha Liturgical Working Group

May God who has given us the will to do these things, give us more and more the grace and power to perform them, through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

The service continues with either The Prayers of the People and/or the following prayer and then The Peace.

Everloving God, in our baptism you made us witnesses to the death and resurrection of your Son. Send your Holy Spirit to strengthen us, as we take upon us the yoke of your peace, and doers of your perfect will; and doers of your perfect will; who lives and reigns with you and the Holy Spirit, one God, now and for ever.

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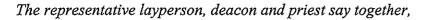


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Ministry of God's People

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Do you now, N, rededicate yourself to this ministry and reaffirm the promises you made when you were ordained?

The bishop (or bishops) responds

I do. God give me grace to lead you with all diligence and perseverance.

In the following, **Partners in Ministry**, the first section is said by one half of those present, the second by the other half, and the third by all present.

Partners in Ministry

We are partners in the mystery of redemption, partners in the mystery of reconciliation, partners in the world's suffering and pain, partners in the way of the cross.

We are partners in the ministry of service, partners in the ministry of justice and peace, partners in healing and hope for the world, partners in the liturgy of Church and life.

Together we reach out to touch the untouchable.
Together we move out to teach the untaught.
Together we stand up to show Christ's love in the world.
Thank you, O God,
for the gift and the grace of partnership
in the mystery of living.

The bishop then says

God calls us to unity in Christ through all our ministries.

The Seasons of Lent and Easter

- 1. At the heart of the Christian faith is our participation in the life, suffering, death, resurrection, and ascension of Jesus Christ as Lord. We proclaim that 'the Word became flesh and dwelt among us' (John 1:14). Jesus Christ was born into human history in the fullness of time for our salvation. Through the death and resurrection of Jesus Christ, we are delivered from sin and death, and by the Holy Spirit we are born into eternal life with God. This is the faith we are called to live in our lives and to continually renew in our worship.
- A whole range of meaning is associated with the death and resurrection of Jesus. The New Testament made the Passover lamb a central symbol of redemption, especially John's gospel and the writings of St. Paul. "Our paschal lamb, Christ, has been sacrificed. Therefore, let us celebrate the festival" (1 Corinthians 5:7-8). The Passover recalls the deliverance of the Israelites from the slavery of Egypt into the promised land. In Christ this is given new meaning so that we are liberated from slavery to sin and death and delivered into eternal life. This is often referred to as the Paschal Mystery. In Lent and Easter, the Christian community dramatises the narrative story of the passion, death and resurrection of Jesus and identifies itself in that story. Easter proclaims the reality and power of the risen Christ present in the sacraments and in scripture, so that Jesus' death and resurrection opens up a continuing experience of a living relationship with the risen Christ.

The deacons respond

I will. Christ calls us to show love, care and compassion. God give us courage to strive for justice and peace among all people.

The representative lay person says to all the priests present

Will you, who have been called to be priests, call us together so that we may in word and sacrament know ourselves as God's people and proclaim the Lord's saving death until he comes?

The priests respond

I will. I commit myself anew to this ministry. I will proclaim the word of God and celebrate the sacraments of the new covenant.

To the bishop (or bishops) present

A bishop shares in the ministry of Christ as apostle, chief priest and pastor of the diocese and in the whole Church of God.

The following section is said by a deacon.

You have been called to guard the faith, unity and discipline of the Church; to proclaim the Gospel of Christ; to maintain the Church's ordained ministry, and to encourage all who follow Christ in their life and ministries above all through the sacraments of baptism and eucharist.

The following section is said by a priest.

You have been charged to act in Christ's name for the reconciliation of the world and the building up of the Church; and to be in all things a faithful pastor and wholesome example for the entire flock of Christ.

The seasons of Lent and Easter are, therefore, laden with a richness and power that leads God's people to a deeper personal commitment to Christ and to a deeper sense of what it is to be church, the people of God. In these seasons God's entire story with God's people is brought into focus. By entering into and proclaiming the redemptive work of God in Christ through the seasons of Lent and Easter, we are formed in the pattern of his death and resurrection and his life-giving Spirit.

Lent

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The origins of Lent lie in this time being a focus for evangelism and true conversion; a time for journeying with Christ to the cross and beyond. Since Easter is the time when the church celebrates God's most definitive redemptive acts, Lent is a time for intentional growing into God through deep reflection on scripture, fellowship together, prayer, and reflection on our baptismal covenant from which we derive our identity as Christian people. Preparation for sharing in and "doing the story" of Jesus' death and resurrection is basic, for all this leads to a renewal of our baptismal faith in the season of Easter.

The observance of Lent was first undertaken by those undergoing their final preparation for initiation into the Christian community through baptism. In preparing to worship in this season, therefore, we do well to explore the meaning of baptism as entry into a lifelong process of being transformed into the life and holiness of Christ. As reflected all through scripture, this is a journey or pilgrimage that is bigger than the private experience of an individual. This journey engages the private experience of an individual. This journey engages the whole Christian community and it is the heartbeat of the church's mission and worship.

All those who are ordained respond.

I do. May God strengthen the community of faith through my work.

The representative lay person continues

Building up the body of Christ requires that you faithfully proclaim the good news, gather the church for its worship and see that people are cared for with compassion.

In my listening may I hear, in my watching may I see, in my caring may I respond, with heart and mind open to Christ.

Will you be constant in prayer and study, nourish us with the story of all that God has done, and set forth the doctrines of the faith as this Church has received them?

I will. May the scriptures continue to reveal to me the mind and heart of Christ and shape my ministry. God give me imagination and perseverance in prayer.

Will you continue to accept the order and discipline of this Church and the guidance and leadership of your bishop(s)?

Yes, I will. May God give us grace to work in partnership with all our sisters and brothers in Christ's service.

The following sections specifically addressed to deacons, priests and bishops may be omitted. If they are omitted, the Affirmation continues with "Partners in Ministry".

The representative lay person says to all the deacons present

Will you, who have been called to be deacons, help us seek the lost and lonely, caring for all God's people whatever their need?

- 3. The meaning of Lent is made clearest when each mission and ministry unit intends to prepare new Christians and members for initiation, whether that be baptism, confirmation, or renewal of baptismal vows. In doing so the whole community of faith is thereby engaged in a common process of renewal and reliving their experience of coming to faith. The processes of searching the scriptures, engaging in Lent study groups, prayer and fellowship, reflecting on Christian discipleship, of taking seriously the need for reconciliation and repentance, is all seen in the light of true conversion of heart.
- 4. The season of Lent is a time when the church seeks a new pace for itself. We should avoid exhausting ourselves with "busyness", sprinting through a series of events only to get to Easter Day and collapse with tiredness. Lent should be a time of refreshment so that the season helps the community of faith see more clearly how to live a balanced Christian life, so that they can give authentic witness for the rest of the year.

The bishop continues

Christ has many services to be done. Some are easy, others are difficult, some bring honour, others bring reproach; some conform to our natural inclinations and material interests, others are contrary to both. In some, we may please Christ and please ourselves, in others we cannot please Christ except by denying ourselves. Yet the power to do all these things is given in Christ who strengthens us.

Faithful God, in the name of Christ and in the power of your Spirit, we commit ourselves to you and one another, to live, work, and pray as one body in Christ, and to give ourselves with body, mind, and spirit and to give ourselves with body, mind, and spirit to the ministries to which you have called us. Give us vision, give us courage, and give us joy, that the world may believe that Jesus Christ is Lord, to your eternal glory. Amen.

A representative lay person then says to all those who are ordained.

In order to carry out this ministry, we need to be formed as a body in which these gifts work for the good of all. After his resurrection and ascension Christ gave gifts abundantly to the Church. Some he made apostles, some prophets, some evangelists, some pastors and teachers; to equip God's people for their work of ministry and to build up the body of Christ. This is the gift of order in the church.

We stand within a tradition in which there are deacons, priests and bishops. They are called and empowered to fulfil an ordained ministry to enable the whole mission of the Church.

You have been called to be deacons, priests and bishops among us. Do you, in the presence of Christ and his church, renew your commitment to enabling us to be the Church of Christ?

Notes

disturbed. context. Care should be taken that the ethos of Lent is not Local adaptations may be made to reflect the New Zealand could enhance the atmosphere of Lent. impressive symbol, and the removal of banners and pictures crucifix for a more colourful or expensive one might be an misplaced, though the substitution of a simple wooden cross or metalwork. To obscure the cross in Lent or Holy Week is custom of covering the splendour of rich and jewelled churches from Palm Sunday. This has grown from an early Veiling of crosses is a custom that has grown up in some can be introduced into the worship of the season. Easter Day. These are examples of how a distinctive atmosphere similar expressions of joy which will greet the resurrection on selection of texts to avoid the use of the word 'Alleluia' and use of instruments to accompany worship, and the careful from church or perhaps the use of purple flowers, the restrained God in the Highest' in the Eucharist, the absence of flowers giving up' traditionally includes the omission of the Glory to striking contrast with the joyful celebration of Easter. This is to express a spirit of penitence. But it is also to provide a expression in the stark simplicity of Lenten worship. In part this inadequately that is often understood, has its liturgical The popular idea of 'giving things up' in Lent, however

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A LITURGY TO AFFIRM THE MINISTRY OF GOD'S PEOPLE

AN AFFIRMATION OF MINISTRY

After the Gospel Reading (and the Sermon if there is one) the Bishop invites all the baptised to stand and addresses them. All remain standing throughout this part of the service.

Brothers and sisters, by our baptism we are made members of Christ and of one another in him. By being in Christ, we are Christians, Christ's anointed ones. We are called to carry out the priestly work of Christ as he reconciles all creation to God, its source of life and being. Let us dedicate ourselves afresh to Christ's service, as stewards of the mysteries of God, and ministers of God's grace.

Will you, anointed by the Spirit of God, strive afresh to spread the love of Christ abroad to bring healing and wholeness, to bring good news to the poor, to bind up the broken-hearted, to proclaim release to the captives, recovery of sight to the blind, to let the oppressed go free, to proclaim the year of the Lord's favour.

The people respond

With the Lord's help, I will.

A Service for the Beginning of Lent

Introduction

- 1. Ash Wednesday is a call to return to God with all our hearts (See Joel 2:12). It marks the beginning of Lent, the forty day period of preparation for Easter and begins the journey to Good Friday and Easter. This day has become, for Christians, the day when we hear God's call to repentance and reconciliation, in a manner that has some similarities to the Day of Atonement in Judaism. This is a day for new beginnings with God, for putting aside the sins and failures of the past and beginning afresh. It is also a day when we are brought face to face with our own mortality, upon which we reflect in the light of the redeeming love of Christ.
- 2. Ash may be used as a sign of our repentance and mortality, although the liturgy offered may be used without it. Ash is an ancient biblical sign and its use in worship is a powerful non-verbal way of participating in the call to repentance and reconciliation. The focus of the service should be on the scriptures, the imposition of ash, if used, and characterised by reflection, silence and penitence.

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	in the church, both to minimise unneces		
or of people and groups	clergy and laity. Thought needs to be given to the locatio		
representatives of both	read. The Prayers of the People may be led by		
riate clergy or laity to	The readings may be assigned to approp	.ε	
	9:1		
· ·	dominion for ever and ever. Amen		
• • • •	priests of his God and Father - to I		
•	life's blood, who made of us a roy		
sid diw suis mo mort	To him who loves us and freed us		
	Post Communion Sentence		
Sent to reap	8£-1£:4 moV 7O		
Faithful servants	Or Luke 12:35-43		
The harvest	85-25:9 wattheM		
	aflig		
Stewards of God's	Or 1 Peter 4:7-11		_
One body, many parts	Or 1 Corinthians 12:14-31a		_
Cifts of ministry	Ephesians 4:1-13		
CHOMITTI COCOTAL	shared		
Moses' ministry	<i>Or</i> Exodus 19:3-8 <i>Or</i> Numbers 11:24-29		-
God's holy people Promise of a covenant	8-6-01 guboy# %0		
elmoan wlod sthord	Readings		

The Dismissal of the Community Blessing (optional) Dismissal
The Ministry of the Sacrament The Peace The Great Thanksgiving The Communion (with the Lord's Prayer before or after it, if not said elsewhere) Prayer after Communion
The Prayers of the People Prayers of Intercession Lord's Prayer (if not said elsewhere)
The Liturgy of Penitence (as provided below) Examination of Conscience and Confession Imposition of Ashes Absolution
The Proclamation The Readings Gospel Reading Sermon (optional)
The Gathering of the Community Greeting Introduction to the Rite (or at the beginning of the Liturgy of Penitence) Collect

The Structure of the Liturgy

Notes

- I. This service may be used on any suitable occasion when it is desired to affirm the ministry of clergy and people. It is the custom in some places to do this in Holy Week in conjunction with the Chrism Eucharist. If this custom is followed, care needs to be taken that the Affirmation of Ministry does not overshadow the Chrism Eucharist itself and the themes of Holy Week. Other suitable occasions for the Affirmation of Ministry are Ascension Day, a diocesan synod service, or some other diocesan gathering.
- 2. In Holy Week and at a Chrism Eucharist, the Sentence, Prayers and Readings for the Day or for the Chrism Eucharist are used. On other occasions, the Sentence, Prayers and Readings for the Day may be used or the following:

Sentence

There are varieties of gifts, but the same Spirit. To each is given the manifestation of the Spirit for the common good.

1 Corinthians 12:4,7

Collect

Gracious God,
you anointed your Son Jesus Christ
with the Holy Spirit and with power
to bring to the world the blessings of your reign:
may we who share in his suffering and his victory
bear witness to the gospel of salvation;
through Jesus Christ your Son our Lord.
Amen.

Notes

- 1. This service is intended primarily for use on Ash Wednesday. Where this is not possible it may be used on the First Sunday in Lent.
- 2. The ash is by tradition the ash of the burned palms from the previous Palm Sunday, but other provision may be made.
- 3. Imposition of Ashes: The president may be assisted by others. Where there is a large congregation, it is better that several assist the presiding priest than that the words of imposition be abbreviated. Nevertheless, the presiding priest may, if necessary, use only one of the two sentences or impose ashes in silence.
- 4. The service begins in the usual way with one of the Liturgies of the Eucharist, but the opening Song of Praise (e.g. Glory to God in the highest) is omitted (or replaced with The Prayer of Manasseh, *NZPB*, p. 98), as is the penitential section of the service (the introduction to the confession, the confession, and the absolution).
- 5. In ecumenical contexts, this service may be adapted according to local custom, or replaced with an approved service (e.g. the Anglican/Roman Catholic Ash Wednesday service).

The Structure of the Liturgy

Greeting The Gathering of the Community

Song of Praise

Act of Penitence

The Collect

Gospel Reading The Readings The Proclamation

Sermon (optional)

Affirmation of the Ministry of God's People The Liturgy of Ministry Affirmation

Lord's Prayer (if not said elsewhere) Prayers of Intercession The Prayers of the People

The Ministry of the Sacrament

The Peace

The Great Thanksgiving The Preparation of the Giffs

The Communion (with the Lord's Prayer before or after it, if not

Prayer after Communion said elsewhere)

Blessing (optional) The Dismissal of the Community

Dismissal

THE LITURGY OF PENITENCE FOR ASH WEDNESDAY

The following may be used as an introduction to the service as a whole

and for the forgiveness of God proclaimed by Jesus Christ. growth we begin this season by remembering our need for repentance this celebration. In order that our Lent may be a time of renewal and celebrate Christ's death and resurrection. Lent is a time to prepare for E te whānau a te Karaiti/ Dear friends in Christ, every year we

and by reading and meditating on the word of God. repentance, by prayer, fasting, self-denial and giving to those in need, Let us, therefore, observe a holy Lent by self-examination and

THE LITURGY OF PENITENCE

รสทร After the Gospel Reading or Sermon, if one is given, the presiding priest or minister

penitence of the community as a whole. speaking of the frailty and uncertainty of human life, and marking the We begin our journey to Easter with the sign of ashes, an ancient sign,

of God. Let us kneel and in silence call to mind our sin and the infinite mercy

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The following litany of penitence may be used.

strength. We have not loved you with all our heart, and soul, and mind, and

A Liturgy to Affirm the Ministry of God's People

Introduction

- Christian ministry is exercised by all those who are baptised.
 This ministry takes many forms. At its heart it is not just acts of individuals but an expression of the corporate nature of the gospel as God calls us into a new relationship with each other, focussed on the person and work of Christ and empowered by the Spirit that flows from his cross and resurrection.
- In order to work as a body the church has the orders of bishop, priest and deacon as well as the variety of ministries exercised by all the baptised.
- 3. Celebrating and affirming the ministries of the whole people of God and the particular ministries of those who are ordained is an important action of the church. Such an affirmation is sometimes done in Holy Week, in conjunction with the blessing of oil and chrism for use in the church. It also appropriate at other times when a representative group of the church are gathered.

We have not loved our neighbours as ourselves. We have not forgiven others as we have been forgiven. Lord have mercy.

Lord have mercy.

We have been deaf to your call to serve. We have been unfaithful, proud, and hypocritical. Christ have mercy.

Christ have mercy.

We have been self-centred, and have taken advantage of others. Lord have mercy.

Lord have mercy.

We have been envious of those more fortunate than ourselves. Christ have mercy.

Christ have mercy.

We have loved worldly goods and comforts too much. We have been dishonest in daily life and work.

Lord have mercy.

Lord have mercy.

We have neglected prayer and worship, and have failed to commend the faith that is in us.

Christ have mercy.

Christ have mercy.

We have been blind to human need and suffering, and indifferent to injustice and cruelty.

Lord have mercy.

Lord have mercy.

The Season of Easter

Introduction

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- the Lord's Day is to the week. they are the season that is to the rest of the Christian Year what of Easter Day. These Sundays are not only "the Lord's Day", of the Christian Year and should continue the joy and festivity The great fifty days should be the greatest, most festive season
- life of the earliest church as it was empowered by the Spirit. time when passages are read concerning the Holy Spirit and the Pentecost. However, there is far more to the season. It is also the then the ten days of waiting for the coming of the Holy Spirit at the forty days between his resurrection and his ascension and son. We remember the accounts of Jesus' appearances during rich variety of themes on which the church reflects in this sea-A study of the scripture readings in the lectionary will reveal a
- with the risen Christ. Holy Spirit that we are enabled to be in a living relationship holy people. We are reminded that it is through the work of the in our midst through Word and Sacrament and in the lives of his Thus, we are reminded of the presence of the risen, living Christ
- with special gatherings and festivity. commissioning power. This great occasion should be marked brates the coming of the Holy Spirit with all God's gifts and climax of the Easter season, the day on which the church celeof Easter and marks the end of the season. It is the concluding Passover. In the Christian tradition, Pentecost is the fiftieth day Pentecost, the Jewish Feast of Weeks, falls seven weeks after

Christ have mercy. prejudiced towards those who differ from us. We have thought uncharitably about others, and we have been

Christ have mercy.

those who come after us. We have wasted and polluted your creation, and lacked concern for

Lord have mercy. Lord have mercy.

Jollowing or another confession. Then the presiding priest or minister and people say together the

and renew our lives to the glory of your name. Amen. Forgive us, for our Saviour Christ's sake, We repent and turn to you. We are truly sorry. we have sinned through our own deliberate fault. we have sinned in weakness: We have sinned in ignorance: and in the good we have not done. in the wrong we have done in what we have thought and said, bannis avad aw Merciful God,

THE IMPOSITION OF ASHES

If the imposition of ashes is to follow, the presiding priest says

grant that these ashes may be for us you create us from the dust of the earth; Gracious and everloving God,

We pray for all whom we know and love, both near and far. May their eyes be opened to see the glory of the risen Lord.

God of grace

You hear our prayer.

We pray for those who suffer pain and anguish. Grant them the faith to reach out towards the healing wounds of Christ and be filled with his peace.

God of grace

You hear our prayer.

We remember before you those who have died in the hope of the resurrection. Unite us with them in your undying love. God of grace

You hear our prayer.

Join our voices, we pray, loving God, to the songs of all your saints in proclaiming that you give us the victory through Jesus Christ our Lord.

Amen.

Amen.

Risen Christ, come in your victorious power, affirm in us the goodness of God, give us new life, reconcile us in peace, assure us of your final triumph, make us faithful in witness, fulfil in us your promises.

THE EUCHARIST

The service continues with any Liturgy of the Eucharist, from The Peace.

See Sentences, prayers and blessings in A New Zealand Prayer Book – He Karakia Mihinare o Aotearoa, pp. 536-538.

a sign of our penitence and a symbol of our mortality; for it is by your grace alone that we receive eternal life in Jesus Christ our Saviour. Amen.

The presiding priest or minister receives the imposition from another minister, then it is given to all those desiring it. The presiding priest or minister may receive the imposition after it has been administered to all others.

The imposition may be done in silence, or with the following words.

Dust you are, and to dust you shall return.

and/or

Turn from sin and be faithful to the gospel.

During this time a psalm, hymn, or anthem may be used.

When all who wish to have received the imposition of ashes, the presiding priest pronounces the following, or another one.

Through the cross of Christ,
God have mercy on you,
pardon you
and set you free.
Know that you are forgiven
and be at peace.
God strengthen you in all goodness
and keep you in life eternal.
Amen.

The Eucharist continues with The Prayers of the People.

The bishop or priest prays

through Jesus Christ our Redeemer. to our lives' end; but continue his faithful servants to confess the faith of Christ crucified, may never be ashamed grant that we your children Almighty Father,

THE PRAYERS OF THE PEOPLE

The presiding priest or minister says

Let us pray for the Church and for the world, giving thanks for God's

goodness.

The following intercession, or some other suitable form of prayers, is

Christ from the dead. Shed his glorious light on all Christian people Gracious God, we praise you for the resurrection of your Son Jesus

that we may live as those who believe in the triumph of the cross.

God of grace

You hear our prayer.

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Son's new life by water and the Spirit. Dying with Christ, may they We pray for those who at this season are receiving in Baptism your

know the power of his resurrection.

God of grace

You hear our prayer.

The bishop or priest prays

We thank you God for your love in all creation, especially for your gift of water to sustain, refresh and cleanse all life.

We thank you for your covenant with your people Israel; through the Red Sea waters you led them to freedom in the promised land. In the waters of the Jordan your Son was baptised by John and anointed with the Holy Spirit.

Through the deep waters of death
Jesus fulfilled his baptism.
He died to set us free
and was raised to be exalted Lord of all.
It is Christ who baptises with the Holy Spirit and with fire.
Amen. Come Holy Spirit.

We thank you that through the waters of baptism you cleanse us, renew us by your Spirit and raise us to new life. In the new covenant we are made members of your Church and share in your eternal kingdom.

Therefore, in joyful obedience to Christ, we celebrate our fellowship in him through faith. We pray that all who pass through the waters of baptism may continue for ever in the risen life of Jesus Christ our Saviour. Amen! Praise and glory and wisdom, thanksgiving and honour, power and might, be to our God for ever and ever. Amen!

Water may now be sprinkled on the people.

The Sunday of the Passion with the Liturgy of the Palms

Introduction

- 1. On Palm Sunday the Church commemorates Christ's entry into Jerusalem to accomplish his saving work by dying and rising again. The Liturgy has two distinctive features, the procession with palms and the reading of the Passion Gospel.
- 2. The procession is a dramatic way to recall and celebrate the beginning of these days of the passion and death of Our Lord. Palm or other branches are carried although they are secondary to the procession itself. The procession does not simply remind us of what happened in the past. It is in itself an act of praise to Christ. However our praise is offered to the One whose reign is on a cross, and it expresses our readiness to take up our cross and follow our crucified and risen Lord, as we go with him to the place of suffering and death.
- 3. The reading of the Passion Gospel takes us into the heart of Holy Week. Although the services of Holy Week are shaped by the historical commemoration of the events of the last week in Jesus' earthly life, taken together they form an extended celebration of the whole mystery of his redemptive work. The solemn reading or singing of the narrative of the passion and death of Jesus Christ is an essential part of the liturgy of Palm Sunday. For this reason the full form of the Passion should be used whenever possible. Coming after the procession, it reminds us that at the centre of Christ's Reign is the power of costly, unconditional love alone.

the resurrection of the body, the forgiveness of sins, the communion of saints, the holy catholic Church, I believe in the Holy Spirit, Do you believe in God the Holy Spirit?

and the life everlasting. Amen.

The Commitment to Christian Service may follow.

fellowship, in the breaking of bread, and in the prayers. the beginning, believers have continued in the apostles' teaching and Those who are baptised are called to worship and serve God. From

Will you commit yourself to this life?

I will, with God's help.

Will you forgive others as you are forgiven?

I will, with God's help.

and strive for peace and justice? Will you seek to love your neighbour as yourself,

I will, with God's help.

and work? Will you accept the cost of following Jesus Christ in your daily life

I will, with God's help.

the Good News of God in Christ? With the whole Church will you proclaim by word and action

I will, with God's help.

The bishop or priest says

Praise God who made heaven and earth,

whose promise endures for ever.

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The Structure of the Liturgy

The Collect The Liturgy of the Palms (as provided below) Greeting The Gathering of the Community

Sermon Gospel Reading - The Passion Gospel The Readings The Proclamation

Prayers of Intercession The Prayers of the People

Lord's Prayer (if not said elsewhere)

The Peace The Ministry of the Sacrament

The Great Thanksgiving The Preparation of the Gifts

said elsewhere) The Communion (with the Lord's Prayer before or after it, if not

Prayer after Communion

Dismissal Blessing (optional) The Dismissal of the Community Praise to God who kindles our faith.

Whakamoemititia te Atua, te ahi kā o te whakapono.

Blessed be God, our strength, our hope.

Kia whakapaingia te Atua, tō mātou kaha, tō mātou tumanako.

The presiding priest or minister says to all those present who are baptised Christians

Let us, the baptised, affirm that we renounce evil and commit our lives to Christ.

All respond

Blessed be God, JESUS IS LORD!

Whakapaingia te Atua, KO IHU TE ARIKI!

The presiding priest or minister then says

Let us now celebrate the faith into which we were baptised and in which we live and grow.

Do you believe in God the Father?

I believe in God the Father almighty, creator of heaven and earth.

Do you believe in Jesus Christ, the Son of God?

I believe in Jesus Christ, God's only Son, our Lord, who was conceived by the Holy Spirit, born of the Virgin Mary, suffered under Pontius Pilate, was crucified, died, and was buried; he descended to the dead.

On the third day he rose again; he ascended into heaven, is seated at the right hand of the Father, and will come again to judge the living and the dead.

Notes

- 1. In the Revised Common Lectionary, Palm Sunday is referred to as Passion Sunday. In the New Zealand Prayer Book He Karakia Mihinare o Aotearoa, following the tradition of the Book of Common Prayer, the Fifth Sunday in Lent is Passion Sunday.
- 2. Whenever possible the congregation gathers in a place apart from the church to which the procession will go. When this is not possible, the gathering of the people takes place at a convenient place, and the procession takes place inside or outside the church as circumstances permit.
- 3. Palms or other branches may be used. The congregation may bring palms with them or be given them when they arrive. A sign of blessing may be used.
- 4. Palm crosses may be blessed and distributed at this service. This may be done at any appropriate point in the service (e.g. as part of The Liturgy of the Palms, before the Peace, before the Prayer after Communion, before the blessing). The following or some other suitable prayer may be used to bless the palm crosses. A sign of blessing may be used.

God of all people and all places, the cross is a symbol for us of your boundless compassion.

Bless these crosses, we pray, that they may be reminders of your great love for us in Christ.

Help us to take up our own cross daily and follow you; through the same Jesus Christ our Redeemer.

Amen.

THE LITURGY OF WATER

Karakia Mihinare o Aotearoa takes the place of the following. Confirmation and Renewal from A New Zealand Prayer Book - He Renewal, the Liturgy of Baptism and The Laying on of Hands for If there is to be a Baptism or Laying on of Hands for Confirmation or

THE BENEMAL OF BAPTISMAL YOWS

may be said. Water may be sprinkled on the people after the Creed. Water is placed in the font, and the following thanksgiving for water

The presiding priest or minister stands by the font, and says

that is evil. Baptism, affirming our allegiance to Christ, and our rejection of all pleted our observance of Lent, we renew the promises made at our a new life within the family of his Church. Now that we have comand been buried with him in Baptism, so that we may rise with him to dead, we remember that through the paschal mystery we have died As we celebrate the resurrection of our Lord Jesus Christ from the

Praise to God who has given us life.

Whakamoemititia te Atua, te Kai-homai i te ora.

Kia whakapaingia te Atua, mo tana oha o te aroha. Blessed be God for the gift of love.

Whakamoemititia te Atua, e muru nei i ō tātou hara. Praise to God who forgives our sin.

Kia whakapaingia te Atua, e whakawatea nei i a fatou. Blessed be God who sets us free.

The collect is said after the procession, when all are in their

The Gospel of the Passion should always be read. It is

be invited to sit during the reading of part of the Passion. silence may be kept. Where appropriate the congregation may used. It may be read or sung by three or more people. Afterward concluded "This is the Passion of the Lord". No responses are announced "The Passion of our Lord according to " and

on Palm Sunday. The Prayers of the People should be especially adapted for use **.**6 The Creed may be omitted. .8

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Either of these acclamations may herald the Gospel reading.

Jesus Christ is risen from the dead

Alleluia!

He has defeated the powers of death

Alleluia!

Jesus turns our sorrow into dancing

Alleluia!

He has the words of eternal life.

Alleluia!

or

Alleluia, alleluia! I am the first and the last, says the Lord, and the living one; I was dead, and behold I am alive for evermore.

Alleluia, alleluia, alleluia!

Then, all standing, the reader of the Gospel says

The Holy Gospel according to . . . (chapter . . . beginning at . . .)

Praise and glory to God. Alleluia!

A Matthew 28:1-10; B Mark 16:1-8; C Luke 24:1-12 After the Gospel, silence may be kept.

The reader says

This is the Gospel of Christ.

Praise to Christ, the Word. Alleluia!

The Sermon is then preached.

The people may be greeted informally.

Then, all standing, the presiding priest or minister says

Grace and peace to you from God.

Kia tau ki a koutou, te atawhai me te rangimārie o te Atua.

God fill you with truth and joy.

Ma te Atua koe e whakaū, ki te pono me te hari.

Or

The Lord be with you.

Kia noho a Ihowa ki a koutou.

The Lord bless you.

Ma Ihowa koe e manaaki.

The Sentence of the Day is read.

Hosanna to the Son of David! Blessed is the one who comes in the name of the Lord! Hosanna in the highest heaven! Matthew 21:9

The presiding priest or minister introduces the celebration with these or similar words.

E te whānau a te Karaiti/Brothers and sisters in Christ, during Lent we have been preparing to celebrate our Lord's death and resurrection. Today we begin this solemn celebration in union with the Church throughout the world. Christ enters his own city to complete his work as our Saviour, to suffer, to die, and to rise again. Let us go with him in faith and love, so that, united with him in his sufferings, we may share his risen life.

The people hold up their palms while this prayer is said.

- He Karakia Mihinare o Aotearoa, p. 94) may be used in place of or in addi-Psalm 114 is then said. The Easter Anthems (A New Zealand Prayer Book

> your Son Jesus Christ our Lord. and that all things are being brought to their perfection

Alleluia! Christ is risen.

gospel or before the final blessing.

He is risen indeed. Alleluia!

The minister says

by the one through whom all things were made,

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At A Eucharist, the service continues with The Collect of the Day and The Read-

·Buns

comed him to Jerusalem. Appropriate hymns, psalms, canticles or anthems may be During the procession all hold palms in their hands, as did the crowds who wel-

Let us go forth, praising Jesus our messiah.

The presiding priest or minister then says

Praise to Christ the Word.

This is the Gospel of Christ

After the reading, the reader says

Luke 19:28-40

B Mark 11:1-11 OR John 12:12-16 A Matthew 21:1-11

The Holy Gospel according to . . . chapter . . . beginning at . . .) The reader says

Then follows the reading for the Liturgy of the Palms.

Amen.

one God, now and for ever.

who lives and reigns with you and the Holy Spirit,

and follow him in the way that leads to eternal life;

may ever hail him as our king,

and grant that we who bear them in his name

signs of his victory;

let these palms be for us

to suffer and to die;

your Son Jesus Christ entered Jerusalem as Messiah

God our Saviour,

tion to the Psalm.

Της κεαдεκ τιαλ εαλ

Romans 6:3-11

Thanks be to God. Alleluia!

Silence may follow the reading.

Hear what the Spirit is saying to the Church.

A reading from Romans chapter 6, beginning at verse 3.

The New Testament Reading appointed follows, the reader first saying

able song of praise is sung. Bells may be rung (See the Note on Noise, Music

Prayer Book - He Karakia Mihinare o Aotearoa, p. 44), or some other suit-Glory to God in the highest, The Song of the Church (A New Zealand

This acclamation may be used at other points in the service, e.g., before the

Zealand Prayer Book - He Karakia Mihinare o Aotearoa, p. 592f.). and Light). Then follow the Sentence and Prayer for Easter Day (A New

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Ezekiel 36:24-28

Psalms 42 and 43

Gracious God, in the mystery of your Son's death and resurrection you established the new covenant of reconciliation; grant that all who in baptism are born again may show forth in their lives what they profess by their faith.

Grant this in the name of Jesus Christ our Lord.

Amen.

Ezekiel 37:1-14

Psalm 143

Living God,
by the Passover of your Son
you have brought us out of sin into righteousness,
and out of death into life;
grant to those who are sealed by your Holy Spirit
the will and power to proclaim you to all the world;
through Jesus Christ our Lord.
Amen.

Zephaniah 3:14-20

Psalm 98

O God of light and life, of love ever-renewed, proclaiming Yes to all that Jesus is and all that he said and did and suffered: bursting the gates of hell, destroying sin and death, rendering the powers helpless to harm, bringing all humanity from death to life; may the whole world see that what was cast down is being raised up, that what has grown old is being made new,

Chrism Eucharist in Holy Week

Introduction

- 1. The Chrism Eucharist is about anointing. The Greek word chrism means "anointing". Christ is the messiah (which means the same thing in Hebrew) or anointed one of God, and we are the anointed ones of God as Christians.
- 2. The Chrism Eucharist in Holy Week links the anointing of Christ and his "baptism" fulfilled at Easter and our participation in that through our baptism and consequential involvement in Christ's priestly ministry of reconciliation and healing. So all anointing is linked to the saving work of Christ.

The Structure of the Liturgy

Song of Praise Greeting The Gathering of the Community

Act of Penitence

The Collect

Gospel Reading The Readings The Proclamation

Sermon

Prayers of Intercession The Prayers of the People

Lord's Prayer (if not said elsewhere)

The Peace The Ministry of the Sacrament

The Blessing of the Oils The Preparation of the Giffs

The Great Thanksgiving

The Communion (with the Lord's Prayer before or after it, if not

said elsewhere)

Prayer after Communion

Blessing (optional) The Dismissal of the Community

Dismissal

The Reception of Holy Oils in the Place where they will be used

source of all light,

Creator of the universe,

Baruch 3:9-15,32-4:4

Amen.

Amen.

OR Proverbs 8:1-8,19-21; 9:4b-6

through Jesus Christ our Saviour.

teach us to hold fast to the ways of wisdom,

We ask this through Jesus Christ our Lord.

give now the water of life to those who thirst for you,

in your glorious reign that knows no end.

that they may bring forth abundant fruit

and by your Spirit you renew the earth;

you have created all things,

by the power of your Word

through Jesus Christ our Lord.

from slavery under Pharach, you delivered your chosen people

God of steadfast love,

by the power of our mighty arm

grant that all the peoples of the earth

and rejoice in the inheritance of your promises;

may be numbered among the offspring of Abraham,

giving us a sign of salvation through the waters of baptism;

Everloving God,

Isaiah 55:1-11

Amen.

that we may live for ever in the radiance of your glory;

69

Psalm 19

- He Karakia Mihinare o Aotearoa, p. 77)

God is my Salvation (A New Lealand Prayer Book

Gracious and eternal God. you created all things with a marvellous beauty and order; help us now to recognise how still more wonderful is the new creation you have fashioned in the fullness of time by redeeming your people through Jesus Christ, the true Passover lamb. who lives and reigns with you and the Holy Spirit, one God, for ever and ever.

Amen.

Genesis 7:1-5,11-18; 8:6-18; 9:8-13

Psalm 46

Faithful God, you have placed the rainbow in the skies as a sign of your covenant with all living things; may we who are saved through water and the Spirit worthily offer you our sacrifice of thanksgiving. We ask this in the name of Jesus Christ our Lord Amen.

Genesis 22:1-18

Psalm 16

God, the hope of all who believe in you, in Abraham and Sarah you founded a family of faith for all the nations, and through the death and resurrection of Christ you made it all-embracing; may we respond to your call by accepting with joy your invitation to the new life of grace. Grant this through Christ our Redeemer. Amen.

Exodus 14:10-31; 15:20-21 or Exodus 12:21-32

or Exodus 14:21-31

- He Karakia Mihinare o Aotearoa, p. 100)

The Song of Moses (A New Zealand Prayer Book

Notes

- The bishop presides at the Chrism Eucharist, which is traditionally held on Maundy Thursday.
- The Song of Praise, "Glory to God in the highest", or a suitable alternative may be used at this service.
- The oil normally used for the healing ministry of the church is pure olive oil. It is customary for perfume and balsam to be added to the Oil of Chrism for possbile use in Christian Initiation.
- It is preferable for there to be a single glass container for each type of oil, which may be placed on the altar, and the oil distributed after it has been blessed.
- A rite is provided below for the public reception of the newly blessed oils in the place where they will be used. They may then be used in Christian Initiation and in the ministry of the church throughout the year. Where this provision is used:
 - The oils are blessed by the bishop at a diocesan celebration at some time convenient during Holy Week
 - The oils may be received into the parish on Maundy Thursday at the beginning of the Liturgy of the Last Supper or at some other convenient time.
- The consecrated oil should be kept in the same safe place set apart for the keeping of the consecrated eucharistic elements.

Most blessed of all days, when mourning is turned to joy, for evil could not destroy the Lord of love, and we have a foretaste of the glo-rious liberty of the children of God.

Day truly blessed, when heaven is wedded to earth and all creation reconciled to the one who fashions it!

Therefore, everloving God, in the joy of this day, receive our sacrifice of praise, your Church's solemn offering. Accept this Easter candle. May it always make our darkness light; for Christ our Morning Star has risen and sheds his peaceful light on all creation, and is alive and reigns for ever and ever. Amen.

THE GREAT VIGIL OF EASTER

THE MINISTRY OF THE WORD –

The presiding priest or minister introduces the Ministry of the Word for the Great Easter Vigil in the following or similar words.

Fellow pilgrims on the Christian way, let us now listen to the story of how God saved the people of Israel by mighty acts in their history, and in the fullness of time came among us in Christ Jesus as our Redeemer.

Some or all of the following nine Readings, Psalms and Prayers are used. The reading from Exodus should always be used.

Genesis 1:1-2:4a
OR Benedicite Aotearoa (A New Zealand Prayer Book
- He Karakia Mihinare o Aotearoa, p. 63f.)

The Chrism Eucharist

THE MINISTRY OF THE WORD

At a Chrism Eucharist, the following sentence, readings and collect are used in place of those for the day:

Sentence

Through us God in Christ spreads in every place the fragrance that comes from knowing him. For we are the aroma of God.

2 Corinthians 2:14f.

Collect

Everloving God,
by the power of the Holy Spirit
you anointed your only Son
as messiah and Lord of all creation,
and have given us a share in his consecration
by making us members of his body;
help us to be faithful witnesses in the world
to the salvation Christ won for all humanity;
through him, who lives and reigns with you,
in the unity of the Holy Spirit,
one God, now and for ever.

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Gracious God, you anointed your Son Jesus Christ with the Holy Spirit and with power to bring to the world the blessings of your kingdom: anoint your Church with the same Holy Spirit, that we who share in his suffering and his victory may bear witness to the gospel of salvation; through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

The Lord is here!

Kei konei te Ariki!

God's Spirit is with us.

Kei a mātou te Wairua o te Atua.

Lift your hearts to heaven

Whakareia ō koutou ngākau ki te rangi

where Christ in glory reigns!

kei reira nei te Karaiti kei tōna ahurewa tapu.

Let us give thanks to the Lord our God.

Kia whakapai tātou ki tō tātou Ariki ki te Atua.

It is right to offer thanks and praise.

He mea tika ki te whakapai ki a ia.

It is indeed right that with full hearts and minds and voices we should praise you, O God, the source and ground of all our being, the Father almighty, and your only Son, Jesus Christ our Lord, who out of love for those estranged from you, stretched out his arms upon the cross to enfold us all in his embrace.

For this is the Passover of that true Lamb of God, by whose blood the homes of all the faithful are marked as yours for ever.

This is the time [night] when of old you delivered the people of Israel from slavery, leading them dry-shod through the sea, and calling them to be a people after your own heart.

This is the time [night] when Jesus your anointed one vanquished the power of death and rose triumphant from the grave.

This is the time [night] when all who believe in him are set free, and empowered to serve in grace and holiness.

Psalm

89:19-29

133

OT Reading

Isaiah 61:1-3,6,8-9

Epistle

Revelation 1:4b-8

Gospel

Luke 4:16-21

THE BLESSING OF THE OILS

One of the following options is used.

EITHER

THE BLESSING OF THE OILS AT THE PREPARATION OF THE GIFTS

At The Preparation of the Gifts, the oils to be blessed are presented to the bishop, who says the following prayers.

Consecration of the Oil for the Ministry of Healing

Blessed are you, sovereign God, gentle and merciful, creator of heaven and earth.

Your Word brought light out of darkness, and daily your Spirit renews the face of the earth.

Your anointed Son brought healing to those in weakness and distress.

He broke the power of evil and set us free from sin and death that we might praise your name for ever.

By the power of your Spirit may your blessing rest on those who are anointed with this oil in your name; may they be made whole in body, mind and spirit, restored in your image, renewed in your love, and serve you as sons and daughters in your kingdom.

Blessed be God, our strength and our salvation, now and for ever. Amen.

The following Easter Song of Praise (Exsultet) is then said or sung by a minister standing near the Easter candle, or a suitably triumphant Easter hymn may be sung by all present.

Rejoice, heavenly host! Sing, choirs of angels! Exult, all creation in the presence of our God! Jesus Christ, the Prince of peace, is risen! Sound the trumpet of salvation!

Rejoice, O earth, in shining splendour, radiant in the brightness of your Saviour!
Christ has triumphed! Glory fills you!
Darkness vanishes for ever!

Rejoice, O Church! Exult in glory!

The risen Christ shines upon you!

Let this place resound with joy,
echoing the mighty song of all God's people!

Alternatively, the Introduction to the Exsultet could be sung by the whole congregation to a suitable tune of the metre 10.10.10.10 using the following form.

Sing, choirs of heaven! Let saints and angels sing! Around God's throne exult in harmony! Now Jesus Christ is risen from the grave! Salute your King in glorious symphony!

Sing, choirs of earth! Behold, your light has come! The glory of the Lord shines radiantly! Lift up your hearts, for Christ has conquered death! The night is past, the day of life is here!

Sing, Church of God! Exult your joy outpoured! Your Saviour lives; he's with you evermore! Let all God's people sound the long Amen!

Consecration of the Oil of Chrism

Blessed are you, Sovereign God and Eternal Father, upholding by your grace all who hear your call.

Under your Old Coverant priests and rulers were anointed to serve you and in the fullness of time you anointed your Son with the Holy Spirit as the Christ, the Saviour and Servant of all.

By the power of your Spirit may your blessing rest on those who are anointed with this chrism in your name; as they share in the royal priesthood of the New Covenant and make known the kingdom of Jesus Christ our Lord, to whom with you and the Holy Spirit we lift our voices in thanks and praise.

Blessed be God, our strength and our salvation,

now and for ever. Amen.

The Eucharist continues with The Great Thanksgiving.

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THE BLESSING OF THE OILS IN THE GREAT THANKSGIVING

The following words are inserted in the place of the variation for Lent in any of the Great Thanksgivings in A New Zealand Prayer Book - He Karakia Mihinare o

You anointed Jesus the Christ with the Holy Spirit and with power to bring healing and reconciliation to those in weakness and distress. You anoint us with this same Spirit in baptism, making us a holy people in the royal priesthood of the new covenant.

Christ yesterday and today, the beginning and the end, Alpha and Omega, all time belongs to him, and all ages; to him be glory and power, through every age and for ever. Amen.

By his holy and glorious wounds may Christ our Lord guard and keep us.

Amen.

The presiding priest or bishop lights the Easter Candle, saying

May the light of Christ, rising in glory, banish all darkness from our hearts and minds.

The Easter candle is carried in procession through the Church, and three times the procession stops; the person carrying the Easter candle raises it high, and says or sings

Christ our light.

Thanks be to God.

The procession of the Easter Candle moves further into the building and then stops. The versicle and response are repeated (on a higher note if sung), and the candles of those around may be lit from the Easter Candle.

The procession continues to the centre of the building and stops once more. The versicle and response are again repeated (on a higher note if sung), and the candles of those around may be lit.

The Easter Candle is placed on a stand in a prominent place, and all other candles in the church are now lit.

In the final section of the Great Thanksgiving, the following words are inserted after

"...for the service of your kingdom." (page 423)

or "...your everlasting kingdom." (page 438)

or "...to do your will." (page 470)

"...from the one true vine." (page 487)

Send your Holy Spirit on these oils; may your blessing rest on those who are anointed: heal the sick in body, mind, and spirit, lead the baptised into the joy of new life, and strengthen all who share in the royal priesthood of Jesus Christ.

The Great Thanksgiving then continues to its end.

THE RECEPTION OF HOLY OILS IN THE PLACE WHERE THEY WILL BE USED

The following prayers are provided for the public reception of the newly blessed oils in the place where they will be used.

The oils may be carried in an entrance procession. After the greeting that begins the service the oils may be presented and the presiding priest may speak briefly of their significance in the life of the Church. Reference should be made to the service at which the oils were blessed.

The presiding priest or minister says

E te whānau a te Karaiti/People of God, through Holy Week and Easter we enter into the celebration of our Lord's paschal victory, his death and resurrection. As he was anointed by the Holy Spirit for carrying out his work, so may we spread abroad

Eucharist continues with the Prayers of Penitence. The oils are then taken to the place set apart for their safe keeping, and the

Amen.

filled with the Holy Spint. and be built up as living stones into a temple fill the world with the sweet fragrance of Christ's gospel; know that Christ calls them by name; may all who are baptised: Anointed with this fragrant oil,

The presiding priest or minister says

The oil of Chrism

The one presenting the oil of Chrism says

may those who are sick experience the healing presence of Christ. and with the prayerful support of this community, By the laying on of hands and anointing with this oil,

The presiding priest or minister says

The oil for the ministry of healing.

The one presenting the oil for the ministry of healing says

The oils are presented in turn.

for the sacramental life of this place. the holy oils blessed and set apart So now we receive from our bishop M, he came to bring. the fragrance of the new life and wholeness

chal/Easter candle.) The Easter Candle may be marked here. (See the Notes for the marking of the Pas-

Amen.

through Jesus Christ our Lord. and bring us to the radiance of your heavenly glory; set us aflame with the fire of your love, bless this new fire, to spine with the brightness of your one true light; you made this most holy night Redeeming God, source of life and light,

The new five may be kindled. This prayer may be said.

and live with him for ever in God. confident that we shall share his victory over death by hearing his word and celebrating his mysteries, We remember his death and resurrection This is the Passover of the Lord. to come together in vigil and prayer. the Church invites her children throughout the world when our Lord Jesus Christ passed from death to life, on this most holy night,

Dear brothers and sisters in Christ,

The presiding priest or minister introduces the celebration in the following or simi-

All stand and face the ministers.

ness, or made as dark as possible. Fire is kindled. The ministers gather at the main entrance of the Church. The building is in dark-

THE SERVICE OF LIGHT

The Easter Liturgy

- 7. Where possible, for the lighting of the Paschal/Easter candle the ministers should go to the entrance of the church without passing through the building itself. If a fire is lit outside the building, it is desirable for the people not to remain inside the building but to gather around the fire and to follow the ministers in the procession into the church.
- 8. Small, unlit candles should be distributed to members of the congregation before the service begins. These will be lit from the Paschal/Easter candle during the Service of Light. They should be extinguished during the singing of the Glory to God in the highest after the church lights have been switched on.
- 9. The Paschal/Easter candle should be placed in a prominent position from Easter Day until the end of the Day of Pentecost. It is traditional for it to be lit at all principal services during this period. It should also be used at Baptisms and may be used at Funerals throughout the year.
- 10. The joy of the resurrection is properly demonstrated by noise, bells, fanfares, music, waving etc. This may introduce the singing of Glory to God in the highest. People may be encouraged to bring small bells with them to use at this point. It may also be suitable for such noise to accompany the acclamations after the Gospel reading. It is, however, inappropriate for bells to be rung before this. If possible, bells should be rung at the end of the service.
- 11. After the Renewal of Baptismal Vows the congregation may be sprinkled with the newly blessed water, or individuals may be invited to approach the Font and use the water to make the sign of the cross, as a reminder of their own baptism.
- 12. Water for Baptism may be blessed before the Reaffirmation of Baptismal Vows.

Introduction

- 1. On this night we remember and celebrate the final supper Jesus shared with his disciples in the context of Passover. Maundy Thursday marks a new beginning, the beginning of the end. From this point on, our Christian worship is a continuum through to Easter morning. The Jewish beginning of the day (in the evening) unites the events of Maundy Thursday with the death of Christ the next afternoon. The provision that the services may continue into a Vigil underlines this continuity.
- 2. One explanation of the term Maundy Thursday is that it derives from the Latin *mandatum novum do vobis* (A new commandment I give you), associated with John 13:34 and with the footwashing that takes place earlier in that chapter.
- 3. While the Ministry of the Word places this commemoration in the context of Passover, care should be taken to avoid confusing Maundy Thursday commemorations with a celebration of the Jewish Passover. The Gospels witness to two different traditions about the timing of the Last Supper. The first three Gospels have the Last Supper as a Passover meal, while John places it on the Day of Preparation.

Marking the Paschal/Easter candle. The presiding priest or bishop may trace a cross in the Paschal/Easter candle, Alpha and Omega, and the numerals of the current year as the prayers are said. If the Paschal/Easter candle has been prepared beforehand, these signs may be pointed to as the prayer is said.

Christ yesterday and today (tracing the vertical arm of the cross) the beginning and the end (the horizontal arm)

Alpha and Omega (these letters, above and below the cross)

All time belong to him (the first numeral, in the upper left corner

of the cross)
and all ages; (the second numeral in the upper right corner)
to him be glory and power (the third numeral in the lower left
corner)

through every age and for ever. Amen. (the last numeral in the lower right corner).

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If grains of incense are inserted into the candle at the points of the cross and the centre, the following may be said:

ς	and keep us. Amen.		ε	
abla	guard			
3	may Christ our Lord	Þ	7	ς
7	sbanow suoriolg bas			
Į	By his holy		Į	

The essentials of this commemoration include the Ministry of the Word, footwashing, Eucharist, the stripping of the church, and the Vigil of the night. These all arise out of scripture and the worship of the early church, enabling the faithful to participate in the story of Christ's passion and death.

The rite of footwashing dramatises vividly the humility and servanthood of Jesus, both on the night of his betrayal and in his footwashing, we give witness to our own role in loving service and make our response to the new commandment, to love one another as he has loved us.

The stripping of the church is a vivid and dramatic way of showing forth the desolation and abandonment of the long night in Gethsemane. The stark, bare church reflects fittingly the tone of the occasion and the church remains bare until Easter Eve when the process is reversed.

The Vigil of the Might enables the faithful to enter into the agony of the Garden of Gethsemane. This vigil of prayer may be maintained in silence, but suitable psalms, readings and meditations may also be used.

The Dismissal of the Community
Blessing (optional)

Dismissal

Notes

- 1. According to local circumstances, the Vigil may be kept in a different place from the rest of the Easter Liturgy.
- 2. Silence is an important aspect of the waiting and should form a key element during the Vigil readings, even if the Vigil is to be informal in nature. Silence should also be observed at the points prescribed in the rubrics for the celebration of the Eucharist.
- 3. In the darkness fire is kindled outside, in the porch, or at the back of the church. The Paschal/Easter candle is lit from the fire.
- 4. During the Vigil the building should be lit by the Paschal/Easter candle and candles held by the individual participants. If possible no other lights should be used. It is desirable for the building to be as dark as possible during the Vigil. If possible, the Paschal/Easter candle should illuminate the place from which the Bible is read during the Vigil, or the lights surrounding that place should be lit directly from the Paschal/Easter candle.
- 5. Flowers, banners and other colourful decorations should be used in plenty to mark the festival.

The Structure of the Liturgy

The Gathering of the Community

Greeting
Song of Praise
Act of Penitence

The Collect

The Proclamation

The Readings

Gospel Reading - The Passion Gospel

The Footwashing

Sermon (optional)

The Prayers of the People

Prayers of Intercession

Lord's Prayer (if not said elsewhere)

The Ministry of the Sacrament

The Peace

The Preparation of the Gifts

The Great Thanksgiving

The Communion (with the Lord's Prayer before or after it, if not said elsewhere)

Prayer after Communion

The Journey towards Calvary

The Stripping of the Altar

The Vigil

The Structure of the Liturgy

Lighting of the New Fire (optional) The Service of Light

Marking of the Paschal/Easter Candle (optional)

The lighting of the Easter Candle

The Exsultet

Old Testament Readings, with Prayers and Canticles The Ministry of the Word - The Great Vigil of Easter

Gloria in Excelsis or hymn

The Collect for Easter Day

New Testament reading

Psalm or Easter Anthems

Gospel reading

Sermon

The Liturgy of Water

The Liturgy of Baptism and

(if there are candidates for these liturgies) The Laying on of Hands for Confirmation and Renewal

The Renewal of Baptismal Yows

Prayers of Intercession The Prayers of the People

Lord's Prayer (if not said elsewhere)

The Ministry of the Sacrament

The Peace

The Preparation of the Giffs

The Great Thanksgiving

The Communion (with the Lord's Prayer before or after it, if not

said elsewhere)

Prayer after Communion

Notes

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- until midnight, if not until the liturgy on Good Friday. The Vigil should be observed at least for an hour, preferably Appropriate songs may be sung during the footwashing. uncovered foot and dries it with a towel. gathered. The minister kneels before each, pours water over the participate. Where customary, twelve people represent those the congregation is small, it may be possible for everyone to The Footwashing normally takes place after the gospel. Where
- on Good Friday from previously consecrated eucharistic If it is intended that the people should receive Holy Communion 'ኮ .ε

elements, these elements should be kept in a safe and fitting

There is no blessing given as the services on the next three days .ς place.

are in fact one service spread over three days.

progressively to all present, culminating in the ancient Easter song of praise, known as the Exsultet, "Rejoice, heavenly host! Sing, choirs of angels!" The candle is prepared with the cross, the symbol of life and death; the first and last letters of the Greek alphabet, Alpha and Omega, proclaiming Christ as the beginning and end of all things; and the numerals of the current year, a reminder that the Lord of all ages is present here and now.

- 5. The Ministry of the Word is the oldest feature of this celebration. The readings rehearse the mighty acts of God. This powerful sweep of scripture focuses the whole history of God's creating and redeeming work in Jesus Christ.
- of the resurrection in scripture. Throughout the church's history, baptism has been intimately linked with Easter. New converts entered into Christ's redeeming death and resurrection at the same time as the Church was celebrating its memorial of those events. It is, therefore, most appropriate that the Easter Liturgy include Baptism within it. Even when there are no baptisms, the congregation renews their baptismal vows as the completion of their Lenten preparation and as an affirmation of their union with Christ in his death and resurrection.
- 7. The natural and proper climax of the whole Christian Pasch is the Eucharist, the culmination of the great three days, in which we are united with our risen Lord, and we enjoy a foretaste of Christ's heavenly banquet at the end of time. Thus we can say that this Easter celebration is the most evangelical, biblical, sacramental and liturgical occasion in the whole of Christian year.

THE FOOTWASHING

When observed, the footwashing follows the gospel reading. This may be introduced by these or other appropriate words.

Fellow servants of Christ, on this night Jesus set an example for the disciples by washing their feet. As your feet are washed remember that strength and growth in God's reign come by humble service such as this.

During the footwashing suitable anthems, songs, or a psalm may be sung.

The washing of feet may end with this prayer.

Lord Jesus Christ, you have taught us that what we do for the least of our brothers and sisters we do also for you: give us the will to be the servant of others as you were the servant of all, and in obedience gave your life for us, Amen.

The service continues with The Prayers of the People.

The Easter Liturgy

Introduction

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The high point of Holy Week celebrations is known as the Great Vigil of Easter, for it proclaims and celebrates the whole of salvation history and Christ's saving work.

The Easter Vigil has historic and symbolic roots in the Jewish Passover. For Christians, Christ, whose abiding presence is celebrated in the Eucharist, is our Passover. The Christian Pasch (the term used for the great three days of Easter) is Christ's passing over from death to life, which is ultimately celebrated during the Great Vigil of Easter, and on Easter Day.

Many of the images in the Easter Vigil are from the Old Testament, and are fulfilled in Christ, e.g. "lamb of God", "good shepherd", "living water". In this service we experience the passage from slavery to freedom, from death to life. This vigil of the Christian Pasch marks the beginning of the Sunday of all Sundays, the Lord's Day above all others.

The Easter Vigil consists of four principal parts: The Service of Light; the Ministry of the Word; The Liturgy of Water (Baptism); and the Eucharist.

In the **Service of Light** the resurrection is proclaimed in both spoken word and dramatic ceremony, the Paschal/Easter candle symbolising Christ the light of the world, risen from the darkness of the grave. The main feature is the procession of the Easter candle through the church during which light is passed

THE GREAT THANKSGIVING

On Maundy Thursday evening the words in The Great Thanksgiving referring to "the night before he died", or equivalent, may be changed as follows:

on this very night before he died	eer .q
on this very night before he died	£IZ.q
no tenei po i mua i tona ripekatanga	905 .q
On this very night before he died	
I tēnei pō i mua i tōna matenga	784 .q
who in this very night in which he was betrayed	694 .q
On this very night before he died	7£4 .q
on this very night before he died	724 .q

The following seasonal variation may be used between the opening dialogue and the "Holy, holy, holy" or its equivalent of The Great

Thanksgiving.

we too join with the angels and archangels and say / saying: to sing a new song of praise. Therefore earth unites with heaven and feast with him in his kingdom. that we might proclaim his death until he comes again, to be a memorial of his passion, in his great love he gave this holy meal to his disciples Knowing that his hour had come, that we should love one another as he has loved us. He gave us a new commandment washed his disciples' feet. and, taking the place of a servant, For on this very night he wrapped himself with a towel most holy and loving God, through Jesus Christ our Redeemer. it is fitting to give you glory, It is truly right to give you thanks, Either of the following or some other suitable prayer is said.

No blessing or dismissal is added.

Most merciful God, by the death and resurrection of your Son Jesus Christ you delivered and saved us all; grant that through faith in him who suffered on the cross, we may be found acceptable in your sight, through our Saviour Jesus Christ. Amen.

Or

Send down your abundant blessing, Lord, on your people who have faithfully recalled the death of your Son in the sure and certain hope of the resurrection.

Grant them pardon, bring them comfort.

May their faith grow stronger and their eternal salvation be assured.

We ask this through Jesus Christ our Lord.

Amen.

The ministers depart in silence.

PRAYER AFTER COMMUNION

The following may be used as the Prayer after Communion

Holy God, source of all love, on the night of his betrayal
Jesus gave his disciples a new commandment, to love one another as he had loved them.
Write this commandment in our hearts.
Give us the will to serve others as he was the servant of all, who gave his life and died for us, yet is alive and reigns with you and the Holy Spirit, one God, now and for ever. Amen.

If it is intended that people should receive Holy Communon on Good Friday, the consecrated elements are carried to a suitable place after all have received communion.

THE STRIPPING OF THE ALTAR

The vessels and altar coverings may be removed and the lights extinguished. The stripping may be done in silence or appropriate music or readings used.

THE DISMISSAL OF THE COMMUNITY

The presiding priest or minister then says

When the disciples had sung a hymn they went out to the Mount of Olives. Jesus prayed to the Father, 'If it is possible, take this cup of

on earth as in heaven. your will be done, your kingdom come, hallowed be your name, Our Father in heaven,

Give us today our daily bread.

Forgive us our sins

Save us from the time of trial as we forgive those who sin against us.

and deliver us from evil.

For the kingdom, the power and the glory are yours

now and for ever. Amen.

tou ki te inoi E te Ariki, maharatia mai mātou i tõu rangatiratanga; akona hoki mā-

Kia tae mai tou rangatiratanga. Kia tapu tõu Ingoa. E to matou Matua i te rangi

Kia meatia tau e pai ai

ki runga ki te whenua,

kia rite ano ki to te rangi.

Homai ki a matou aianei

he taro mā mātou mo tēnei rā.

Me matou hoki e muru nei Murua o matou hara,

i õ te hunga e hara ana ki a mātou.

Engari whakaorangia matou i te kino: Aua hoki matou e kawea kia whakawaia;

Nou hoki te rangatiratanga, te kaha,

Аке аке аке. Атіпе. me te korõria,

> the Son of Man to be handed over to the power of sinners.' not able to keep watch with me for one hour? The hour has come for suffering from me'. He said to his disciples, 'How is it that you were

Christ was obedient unto death. Go in his peace.

If there is no Vigil, the people depart in silence. No blessing is given.

THE VIGIL

The following readings may be used during the Vigil.

Psalm 118:1-9				
51-d4:91 adol	Year C	Luke 22.31-62		
Faalm 117	$\chi_{ ext{cst}}$ B	Mark 14.26-end		
19:18-16:4a	Year A	Matthew 26.30-end		
Psalm 116:10-18				
71-1:21 adol	теты секет	without ceremony, followed by silence.		
Psalm 116:1-9	the Vigil, or I	the Vigil, or The Gospel of the Vigil is read		
16-21:41 ndol	уроб хът пэчД	to l9q20D sht bns 42 mls29 wo		
Psalm 115				
1-1:4:1 ndot	92-02:71 ndol	g		
Psalm i 14	Psalm 118:19-	67-		
8£-1£:£1 ndot	91-1:71 adol			
Psalm 113	Psalm 118:10-	81-		
0£-91:£1 ndot	56-91:91 adol			

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tinguished in succession, until, at the end, one candle only is left are put out. After each gospel and psalm reading, the candles are ex-Seven lighted candles are placed on the altar and the Church lights

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One of the following prayers is said.

Lord Jesus Christ,
Son of the living God,
set your passion, cross, and death
between your judgement and us,
now and at the hour of our death.
Give mercy and grace to the living,
rest to the faithful departed,
to your holy Church peace and concord,
and to us sinners eternal life and glory;
for you live and reign with the Father
and the Holy Spirit, one God, now and for ever.

Amen.

Or

Gracious and eternal God, you have restored us to life by the triumphant death and resurrection of Christ. Continue this healing work within us. May we who partake of this mystery never cease to give you dedicated service. We ask this through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

THE DISMISSAL OF THE COMMUNITY

If the Lord's Prayer has not been said in this service, it is said at this point.

Jesus, remember us in your kingdom and teach us to pray

Matthew 26:30-32	Mark 14:26-28	Luke 22:28-30
Silence	Silence	<i>Silence</i>
Psalm 69:1-4	Psalm 69:1-4	Psalm 69:1-4
Matthew 26:33-35	Mark 14:29-31	Luke 22:31-34
Silence	<i>Silence</i>	<i>Silence</i>
Psalm 69:6-9	Psalm 69:6-9	Psalm 69:6-9
Matthew 26:36-39	Mark 14:32-36	Luke 22:35-38
Silence	Silence	<i>Silence</i>
Psalm 69:13-16	Psalm 69:13-16	Psalm 69:13-16
Matthew 26:40-41	Mark 14:37-38	Luke 22:39-42
Silence	<i>Silence</i>	<i>Silence</i>
Psalm 69:17-19	Psalm 69:17-19	Psalm 69:17-19
Matthew 26:42-43 Silence Psalm 69:20-23	Mark 14:39-40 <i>Silence</i> Psalm 69:20-23	Luke 22:43-44 <i>Silence</i> Psalm 69:20-23
Matthew 26:44-46	Mark 14:41-42	Luke 22:45-46
Silence	Silence	Silence

OR

Or

Psalm 69:31-34

Some other appropriate readings and prayers may be used.

Psalm 69:31-34

Psalm 69:31-34

The people leave in silence.

Acclamations

because by your holy cross you have redeemed the world. We adore you, O Christ, and we bless you,

on which hung the Saviour of the world. This is the wood of the cross,

Come, let us worship.

O Saviour of the world,

Save us and help us, we humbly pray. who by your cross and precious blood have redeemed us.

The service may conclude at this point with the form provided for The

Dismissal of the Community.

THE MINISTRY OF THE SACRAMENT

THE HOLY COMMUNION

or altar is now covered with a clean white cloth. In places where Holy Communion is to be administered, the holy table

The consecrated elements are placed on the holy table or altar in si-

The Lord's Prayer may be said at this point.

The Communion then follows, using The Invitation and words of ad-

ministration from any of the Eucharistic Liturgies.

Silence is kept after The Communion.

Christ was manifested in the body, vindicated in the spirit, seen by angels, proclaimed among the nations, believed in throughout the world, glorified in highest heaven.

We adore you, O Christ, and we bless you, because by your holy cross you have redeemed the world.

Anthem 4

We glory in your cross, O Lord, and praise you for your mighty resurrection; for by virtue of your cross joy has come into our world

Be gracious to us O God and bless us, and make the light of your face to shine upon us, that your ways may be known upon earth, your saving power among all nations.

Let the peoples praise you O God; let all the peoples praise you.

We glory in your cross, O Lord, and praise you for your mighty resurrection; for by virtue of your cross joy has come into our world.

Introduction

- 1. The service for Good Friday is divided into three or four main parts: The Ministry of the Word, the Solemn Intercession, the Proclamation of the Cross, and Holy Communion (where customary).
- 2. The central theme of any service for Good Friday must be the cross. It is our participation in the events leading up to the crucifixion, historically from St John's Gospel, which lies at the heart of the service. It is therefore to be recommended that the whole of the Passion Narrative be used on this occasion. "They shall look on the one whom they have pierced" is the climax of the portion to be read. The Proclamation of the Cross and Holy Communion, where used, are a dramatic and sacramental outworking of that conclusion to the Passion Narrative.
- 3. The Proclamation of the Cross is a powerful, non-verbal expression of devotion to Christ. It needs careful management according to local custom, and involves a large wooden cross as a focus for meditation and devotional acts where customary. The Reproaches, devotions before the cross, are traditionally used as a meditation. They dramatise God bringing accusations against the people in the light of the death of Jesus. They reveal our own complicity in the sufferings of Christ and in the sufferings and evils of our world today.
- 4. There is a custom and tradition within this church that the eucharist should not be celebrated on Good Friday. In some places Holy Communion is given from the sacrament consecrated at the service of Maundy Thursday. Provision is made for those places where this course of action is followed.

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Father, forgive us. that we may love one another for Christ's sake. Irradiate our hearts with your love

Anthem 2

to stand and serve before our God. to make them a kingdom of priests from every people and nation, from every race and language, for by your blood you ransomed people for God: You are worthy, O Christ, for you were slain;

you have redeemed the world. pecsnze pà lont poll cross. We adore you, O Christ, and we bless you,

to stand and serve before our God; and made us a kingdom of priests and has freed us from our sins by his blood, To him who loves us

for ever and ever. Amen. be praise and honour, glory and might, To the one who sits upon the throne and to the Lamb

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you have redeemed the world. pecause by your holy cross We adore you, O Christ, and we bless you,

> Concluding Prayer Lord's Prayer (if not said elsewhere) The Dismissal of the Community

> Prayer after Communion] The Communion Lord's Prayer (if not said elsewhere) The Holy Communion

Anthems and devotions before the cross

The Proclamation of the Cross

Lord's Prayer (if not said elsewhere) Prayers of Intercession The Solemn Intercession

> Sermon The Reading of the Passion The Readings

The Proclamation

The Collect The Gathering of the Community in the unity of the Father and the Son, by the power of the Spirit; but you have divided my Church and shrouded my truth.

Holy God, holy and strong, holy and immortal, have mercy upon us.

Hoki mai, whakarongo mai ki ahau, e taku iwi / Turn again, my people, listen to me.

Let your bearing to one another arise out of your life in Christ Jesus. He humbled himself and in obedience accepted death on the cross. But I have bestowed on him the name that is above every name, that at the name of Jesus, every knee should bow and every tongue confess, Jesus Christ is Lord.

Hoki mai, whakarongo mai ki ahau, e taku iwi / Turn again, my people, listen to me.

Loving God, hear our prayer and forgive us.
Unstop our ears
that we may receive the gospel of the cross.
Lighten our eyes
that we may see your glory in the face of your Son.
Penetrate our minds
that your truth may make us whole.

Notes

- 1. The structure as outlined above is often found with The Solemn Intercession and The Proclamation in the reverse order. The above structure emphasises that The Proclamation of the Cross is in effect the equivalent of the Great Thanksgiving at a Eucharist in which the central place of the cross in the story of our redemption is proclaimed. The alternative structure emphasises that The Proclamation of the Cross is the key message of the words of our salvation and the foundation of all our praying. Which structure is followed will depend on local tradition and experience.
- 2. Silence is a significant part of the observance of Good Friday.
- 3. Hymns and songs and other music will need to be carefully selected, and sensitive to the nature of this service, which is to enable people to enter more deeply into the mystery of Christ's death. As St. Paul puts it, "Do you not know that all of us who have been baptised into Christ Jesus were baptised into his death? Therefore we have been buried with him by baptism into death, so that just as Jesus was raised from the dead by the glory of the Father, so we too might walk in newness of life" (Romans 6: 3-4).
- 4. The Gospel of the Passion is announced "The Passion of our Lord according to John" and concluded "This is the Passion of the Lord". No responses are used. It may be read or sung by three or more people. Afterward silence may be kept.

and through him find life and peace; but you put him to death on the cross.

Holy God, holy and immortal, have mercy upon us.

My people, what wrong have I done to you? What good have I not done for you? Whakarongo mai ki ahau / Listen to me.

Through the living Christ, I called you into my Church to be my servants to the world, but you have grasped at privilege and forgotten my will.

My people, what wrong have I done to you? What good have I not done for you? Whakarongo mai ki ahau / Listen to me.

I have given you a heavenly gift and a share in the Holy Spirit;
I have given you the spiritual energies of the age to come;
but you have turned away and crucified the Son of God afresh.

My people, what wrong have I done to you? What good have I not done for you? Whakarongo mai ki ahau / Listen to me.

I have consecrated you in the truth;

A LITURGY FOR GOOD FRIDAY

THE MINISTRY OF WORD AND PRAYER

THE GATHERING OF THE COMMUNITY

The ministers enter in silence.

All kneel for a time of silent prayer.

The Sentence for the Day may be read.

The following or one of the other Collects of the Day is said.

Gracious and eternal God, look with mercy on this your family for which our Lord Jesus Christ was willing to be betrayed into the hands of his adversaries and to suffer death upon the cross; and grant us to rejoice in the benefits of his passion; through him who lives and reigns with you and the Holy Spirit, one God now and for ever.

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THE PROCLAMATION

The Old Testument Reading appointed follows, the reader first saying

A reading from the book of the prophet Isaiah (chapter 52, beginning at verse 13) Isaiah 52:13-53:12

I filled the earth with all that you need, so that you might serve and care for one another, as I have cared for you; but you have cared only to serve your own wealth and power.

Holy God, holy and strong, holy and immortal, have mercy upon us.

My people, what wrong have I done to you? What good have I not done for you? Whakarongo mai ki ahau / Listen to me.

I made my children of one blood to live in families, rejoicing in one another; but you have embittered the races and divided the nations.

My people, what wrong have I done to you? What good have I not done for you? Whakarongo mai ki ahau / Listen to me.

I commanded you to love your neighbour as yourself, to love and forgive even your enemies; but you have made vengeance your rule and hate your guide.

My people, what wrong have I done to you? What good have I not done for you? Whakarongo mai ki ahau / Listen to me.

In the fullness of time I sent you my Son, that in him you might know me,

Hear what the Spirit is saying to the Church. Thanks be to God.

Psalm 22 or The **Song of Praise**, "The Exalted Lord" (A New Zealand Prayer Book - He Karakia Mihinare o Aotearoa, p. 83), may then be said or sung.

The New Testament Reading appointed follows, the reader first saying

A reading from the letter to the Hebrews (chapter 4, beginning at verse 14)
Hebrews 4:14-16;5:7-9

Silence may follow the reading.

The reader may say

Hear what the Spirit is saying to the Church. Thanks be to God.

The **Song of Praise**, "Saviour of the World" (A New Zealand Prayer Book - He Karakia Mihinare o Aotearoa, p. 86), may then be said or sung.

The account of The Passion is then read, the Reader (or the narrator if there is more than one reader) first saying
The Passion of our Lord Jesus Christ according to John (chapter 18, beginning at verse 1)
John 18:1-19:42

There is Silence following the reading.

Hear our prayer. Lord, in your mercy

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and preserve it in peace.

increase it in love,

that God will confirm the Church in faith,

for those who are mocked and persecuted for their faith

for those to be baptised

for all Christians in this place

for W. our bishop, and the people of this diocese

land and Polynesia

for the bishops in the Anglican Church in Aotearoa, New Zea-

for M. Archbishop of Canterbury

for bishops and other ministers, and those whom they serve

for unity in faith, in witness and in service

Let us pray for the Church of God throughout the world:

The following or other suitable prayers are said.

pray to God for all people everywhere according to their needs. Jesus offers life in all its fullness to the whole world. Let us, therefore,

The presiding priest or minister says

The Solemn Intercession may come at this point or after The Proclamation of the

THE SOLEMN INTERCESSION

The Sermon may be preached here.

There is no congregational response after the Passion reading.

Whakarongo mai ki ahau / Listen to me. What good have I not done for you? γιλ δεοδίε, what wrong have I done to you?

You have deserted me and furned your backs on me. and marred the image of your God. but you have degraded body and spirit I made you in my image,

> Whakarongo mai ki ahau / Listen to me. What good have I not done for you? γιον οι эπορ Ι эνьλ βπογν τωλν , είσορα γλί

but you have created the means to destroy it. I have entrusted this world to you, I am your Creator, Lord of the universe;

Whakarongo mai ki ahau / Listen to me. What good have I not done for you? γιον οι эποь Ι эνьλ gnorw thhw , είσορα γλί

Anthem 1

"bəib ohw min to əsinrq ənt

"There is a green hill far away", "O sacred head, sore wounded", and "We sing may also be sung. Other suitable hymns are: "When I survey the wondrous cross", above all other", often printed as verses of "Sing, my tongue the glorious battle") other suitable anthems. Traditionally the hymn "Crux Fidelis" ("Faithful cross, Appropriate devotions may follow, which may include any or all of the following or

Come, let us worship.

This is the wood of the cross on which hung the Saviour of the world.

Let us commend ourselves and all people everywhere to the unfailing love of God, and pray for grace to live a holy life, that with all who have died in the peace of Christ. we may come to the fullness of eternal life and the joy of the resurrection.

Most merciful God, accept these prayers for the sake of our Saviour Jesus Christ, Amen.

Blessed Saviour. at this hour you hung upon the cross, stretching out your loving arms; grant that all the peoples of the earth may be drawn to your uplifted love; for your kingdom's sake. Amen.

The Lord's Prayer may be said here or at The Communion if there is one, or in The Dismissal of the People.

THE PROCLAMATION OF THE CROSS

The Proclamation of the Cross may occur before The Solemn Intercession.

A wooden cross may be brought into the church and placed in the sight of the people.

As the cross is carried in, the procession may stop three times and one of the following versicles and responses may be said or sung.

The cross of Christ, The cross on which the Saviour of the world was hung.

by your Spirit the whole body of the Church is governed and sanctified; hear the prayers we offer for all your faithful people, that in the particular ministry to which you have called us. we may serve you in holiness and truth: through Jesus Christ our Saviour. Amen.

Almighty and everlasting God,

Let us pray for the nations of the world and their leaders: for the heads of state of the nations of this church [for Elizabeth our Queen and for the Governor-General and Parliament of this land for those who administer the law and all who serve in public office for those whose conscience leads them into conflict with authority for all who strive for justice and reconciliation that by God's help the world may live in peace and freedom.

Silence

Lord, in your mercy Hear our prayer.

Gracious and eternal God. in your will is our peace; turn the hearts of all people to yourself, that by the power of your Spirit the peace which is founded on justice may be established throughout the world; through the Prince of Peace, our Saviour Jesus Christ.

Amen.

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gather them into the one fold of the one Shepherd; and by the preaching of your Gospel with grace and power, have compassion on all who do not know you, creator of all the people of the earth,

Let us pray for all those who suffer:

for those who are deprived and oppressed

for all who are sick and disabled

in fear

Amen.

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for all at the point of death and those who watch beside them

that God will in mercy sustain them

for the victims of false accusations and violence

with the knowledge of that love which supports us always.

for prisoners

through Jesus Christ our Saviour.

hear the prayers of your children

and the strength of those who suffer;

and to all in distress

the comfort of the sad

Everloving God,

Hear our prayer. Lord, in your merey

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who cry out of any trouble,

grant mercy, relief, and refreshment;

for those in darkness, in doubt and in despair, in loneliness and

Christ our Lord. Amen.

Merciful God,

the Jews, the first to hear God's call: Let us pray for God's ancient people,

and grow in the love of God's name. that we may be faithful to the covenant for greater understanding between Christian and Jew

Lord, in your mercy

Hear our prayer.

Silence

and lead them to faith and obedience.

that God will open their hearts to the truth

for all who deny the faith of Christ crucified

mid wollot

for those who are enemies of Christ and persecute those who

for the contemptuous and scornful

for all who have lost faith

for those who have not heard the message of salvation

Let us pray for those who do not believe the Gospel of Christ:

Amen.

under the one God and Father of our Lord Jesus Christ. and we shall dwell together in mutual love and peace

all Israel shall be saved,

when the Gentiles shall be gathered in,

and hasten the coming of your kingdom,

take from us all blindness and bittemess of heart,

bless the children of your covenant, both Jew and Christian; Lord God of Abraham,

Hear our prayer.

Lord, in your mercy